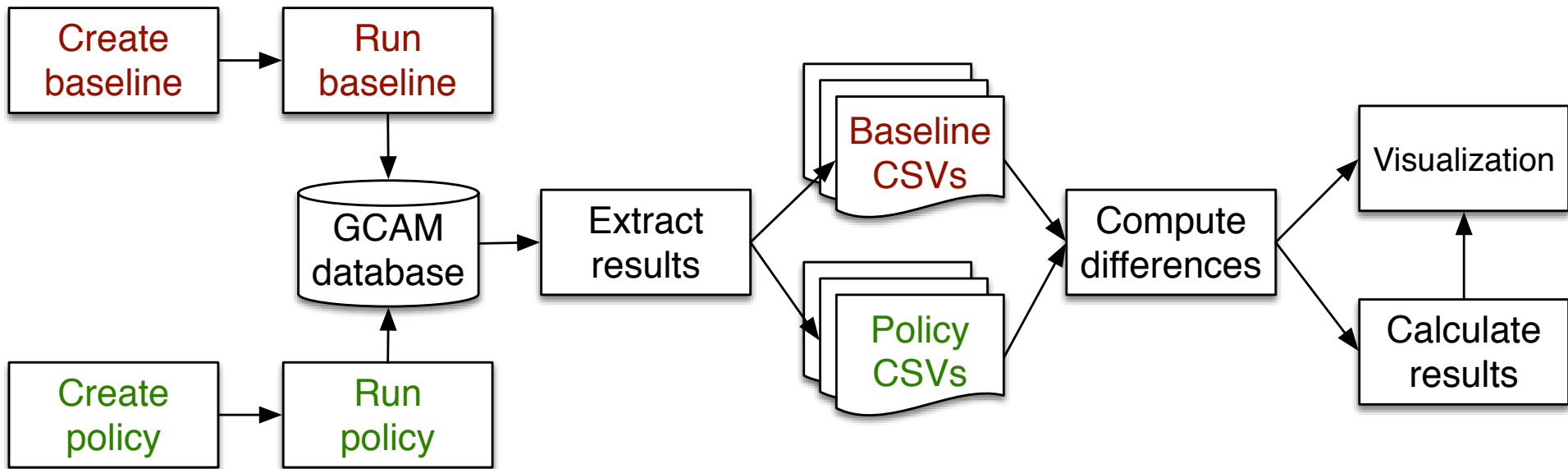


Introduction to pygcam

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GCAM Community Workshop

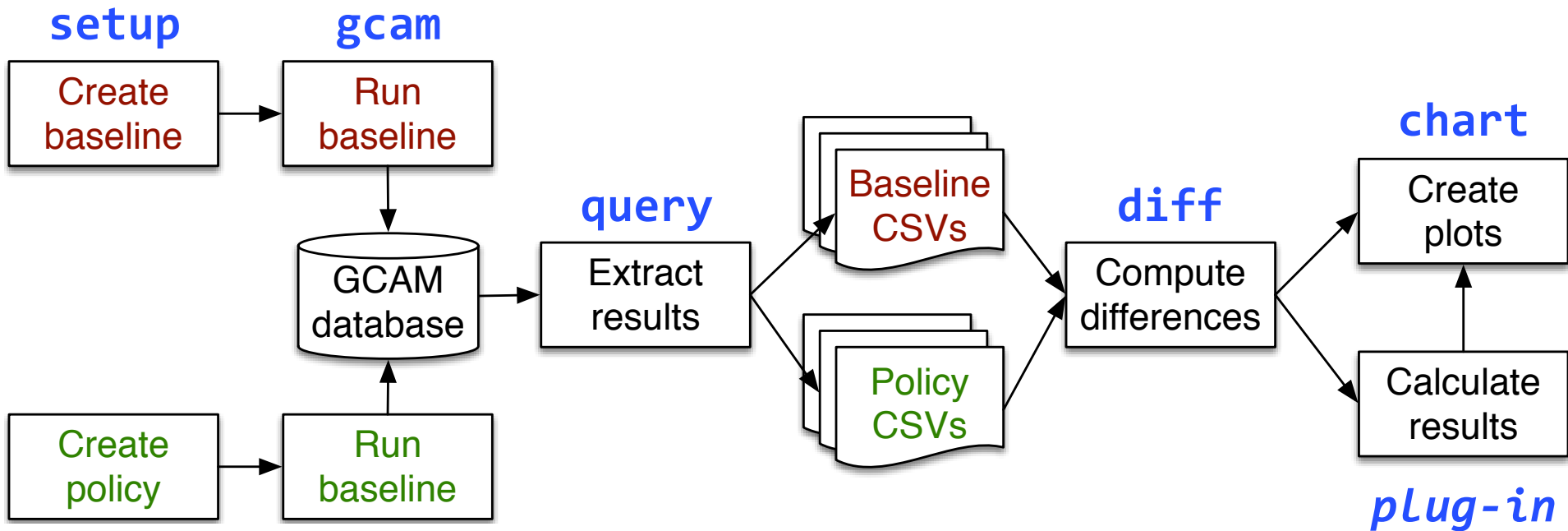
Generic GCAM workflow



Manual data manipulation

- Edit of XML input and configuration files
- Copy & paste into Excel or write batch query files
- Interpolate annual values between time-steps
- Calculate deltas from baseline
- Generate figures

First pass: a script for each step



But...

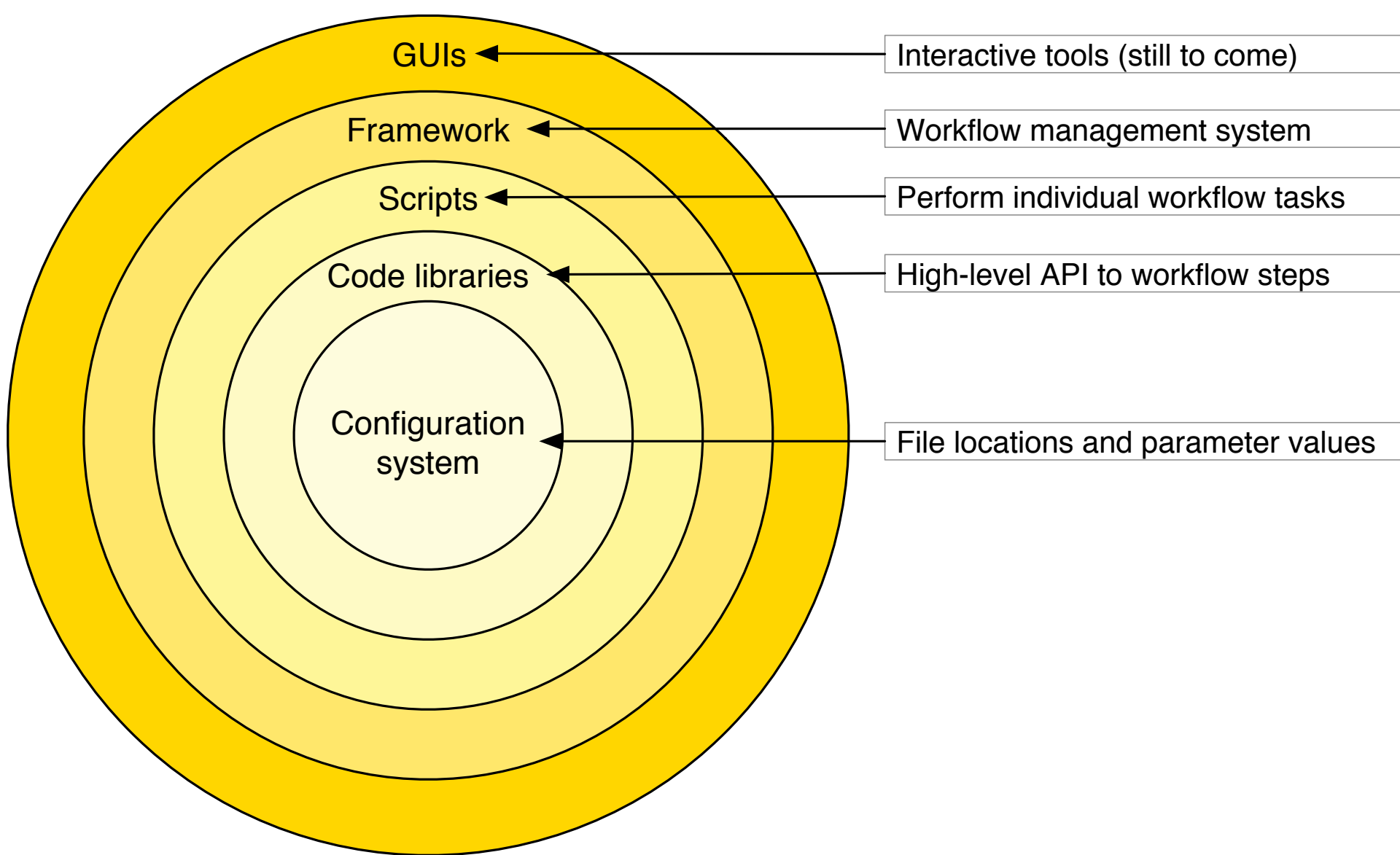
- Largely duplicated scripts for each project
- Additional scripts to combine steps
- Ad hoc input file format and many files
- Expanding pile of code and data
- Each user has to “roll their own”

pygam

- Project workflow management framework
- Written in Python language
- Runs on Windows, Mac OS X, and Linux
- Open source, funded by JGCRI
- Command-line only for now; GUI to be developed

Project system – Goals

- Automate much of the GCAM workflow
- Automate modification of GCAM XML input files
- Easily customize for your preferences / environment
- Extensibility via plug-ins
- Define all GCAM project components in XML
- Selectively run workflow steps / scenarios as needed
- Support for high-performance computing systems



XML-based project file

- Steps to take to perform workflow
- GCAM XML file modification instructions
 - Manages input files and configuration file
- Queries to execute, including re-aggregation
- Scenario groups (baseline + policy scenarios)
- User-defined and automatic variables
- Calls internal sub-commands or external programs

Scenario definition “language”

```
<scenarios defaultGroup="base-90">
  <iterator name="protection" values="0, 90"/>

  <iterator name="tax" values="10,15,20,25"/>

  <scenarioGroup name="protect-{protection}" useGroupDir="0" iterator="protection">

    <scenario name="base-{protection}" baseline="1">
      <if value1="{protection}" value2="0">
        <delete name="protected_land_input_2"/>
        <delete name="protected_land_input_3"/>
      </if>
    </scenario>

    <!-- e.g., scenario "tax-10-0" => $10/tonne tax, 0% land protection -->
    <scenario name="tax-{tax}-{protection}" iterator="tax">
      <add name="carbon_tax">../input/policy/carbon_tax_{tax}_5.xml</add>
    </scenario>

  </scenarioGroup>
</scenarios>
```

Command-line interface

- All functionality accessed via “gt” (gcamtool) script
- **Sub-commands** identify distinct functions, each with options
- **Arguments** follow (some) option specifiers

```
gt run -g base-0
```

```
gt run -s query,diff,plot -S tax-10-90
```

gt sub-commands

Sub-command	Description
chart	generate figures
config	list configuration variables
diff	compute differences between CSV files
gcam	run GCAM on specified scenarios
new	create a new project using template files
protect	generate files with specified land protection
query	run XML queries to produce CSV files
run	run workflow steps defined in project.xml
setup	generate XML input and configuration files
<i>other</i>	anything you like, via custom plug-ins

[What is pygcam?](#)[Installation](#)[Configuration System](#)[Tutorial](#)[Terminology](#)[Tutorial, Part 1](#)[Tutorial, Part 2](#)[2.0 Create the project structure and initial configuration file](#)[2.1 Customize .pygcam.cfg](#)[2.2 Check configuration](#)[2.3 Examine default project files](#)[2.4 Run "setup" on a single baseline](#)[2.5 Run a single baseline](#)[Tutorial, Part 3](#)[Tutorial, Part 4](#)[GCAM tool \(gt\)](#)[GCAM XML-Setup](#)[XML File Formats](#)[Python API](#)[Using pygcam on PIC](#)

Tutorial, Part 2

We begin Part 2 of the tutorial by creating a new project called `ctax` using the templates files provided by `pygcam`.

2.0 Create the project structure and initial configuration file

The first step in creating a new product is to run `gcamtool new` sub-command. To create the project `ctax` with the project directory `/Users/rjp/projects/ctax`, I would run the following command:

```
gt new -c -r /Users/rjp/projects ctax
```

This both creates the initial file structure in `/Users/rjp/projects/ctax`, and (because I specified the `-c` flag) adds a section for `ctax` to my configuration file, which is found in my home directory. In my case, it is in `/Users/rjp/projects/.pygcam.cfg`.

When `gt` runs, it checks whether this file exists. If the file is not found, it is created with all available configuration parameters shown in comments (i.e., lines starting with '#') explaining their purpose and showing their default values. To uncomment a line, simply remove the leading '#' character.

Here is the `.pygcam.cfg` file (with the long listing of default settings removed):

[What is pygcam?](#)[Installation](#)[Configuration System](#)[Tutorial](#)[GCAM tool \(gt\)](#)[GCAM XML-Setup](#)[XML File Formats](#)[Python API](#)[pygcam.chart](#)[pygcam.config](#)[pygcam.diff](#)[API](#)[pygcam.error](#)[pygcam.gcam](#)[pygcam.landProtection](#)[pygcam.log](#)[pygcam.project](#)[pygcam.query](#)[pygcam.scenarioSetup](#)

pygcam.diff

Functions for computing differences between CSV files and for generating CSV and XLSX from multiple CSV files.

API

```
pygcam.diff.computeDifference(df1, df2, resetIndex=True)
```

Compute the difference between two DataFrames.

- Parameters:**
- **df1** – a pandas DataFrame instance
 - **obj2** – a pandas DataFrame instance
 - **resetIndex** – (bool) if True (the default), the index in the DataFrame holding the computed difference is reset so that data in non-year columns appear in individual columns. Otherwise, the index in the returned DataFrame is based on all non-year columns.

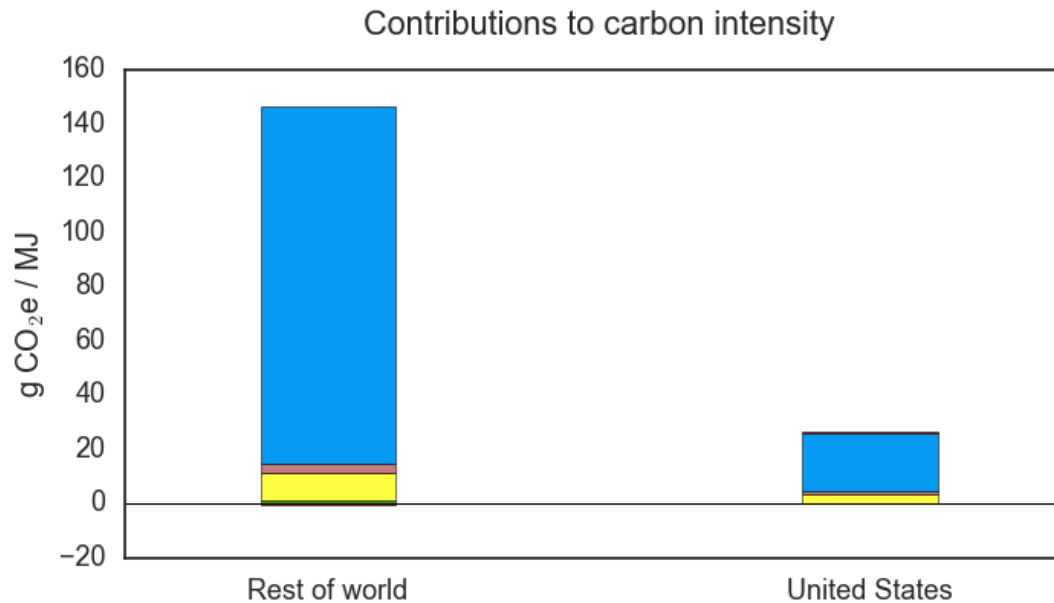
Returns: a pandas DataFrame with the difference in all the year columns, computed as $(df2 - df1)$.

```
pygcam.diff.writeDiffsToCSV(outFile, referenceFile, otherFiles, skiprows=1, interpolate=False, years=None, startYear=0)
```

Compute the differences between the data in a reference .CSV file and one or more other .CSV files as $(other - reference)$, optionally interpolating annual values

Plug-ins

- Example: compute “**carbon intensity**” of biofuels
 - Extract emissions and fuel production data
 - Calculate $\text{sum}(\text{emissions}) / \text{sum}(\text{fuel change})$
 - Write results to CSV file for plotting



Emissions-changes-com-0-base-0.png

Still to come...

- Monte Carlo Simulation framework
- Graphical User Interface
- More built-in chart types
- More documentation
- Test / validation suite
- Integration with software from other GCAM community members

Tutorial session Friday morning

How do I get it?

<http://pygcam.readthedocs.io>

for installation instructions and documentation

<https://bitbucket.org/plevin/pygcam>

to access the source code repository

Thanks, JGCRI!

- To **Leon Clarke** for funding this effort
- To **Robert Link** for weekly discussion & feedback
- To **Pralit Patel** for technical support

BACKUP SLIDES

gt new

- Create file structure for a new project
- Generates a project.xml file and initializes config
- Default structure matches default config settings
- File “template” can be customized per site / per user

```
gt new --projectRoot ~/projects myProject \  
--addToConfig
```

gt setup

- Automates modification of XML input files
- XML declarations define scenarios, with iteration over terms and conditional (“if”) expressions.
 - Concisely define numerous related scenarios
- Supports customization via Python
 - Create new commands “callable” from XML

```
gt setup --baseline base-0 --scenario s1 \  
--workspace ~/ws/myProject/s1 --stop 2050 \  
--years 2015-2050
```

gt gcam

- Run gcam in a separate “sandbox” directory
- Sandbox is created on-the-fly
- Queue to run on cluster: “gt --batch run ...”

```
gt --batch --minutes=15 gcam --scenario s1 \  
-w ~/ws/myProject/s1
```

gt query

- Automatic generation of batch-query files
- Extracts queries by name from, e.g., Main_Queries.xml
- On-the-fly aggregation via named “rewrite sets”
- Easily aggregate AEZ without verbose “rewrites”

```
gt query --outputDir ~ws/myProject/s1/results \  
--workspace ~/ws/myProject/s1 \  
refined_liquids_production_by_technology \  
Global_mean_temperature etc.
```


gt diff

- Calculate differences between 2 or more CSV files
- Optionally limit years, interpolate annual values

```
gt diff --workingDir ~/ws/myProject \  
  --years=2005-2050 --startYear=2015 \  
  --queryFile --interpolate \  
  --outFile ~/ws/myProject/s1/diffs  
  base/Climate_forcing s1/Climate_Forcing
```

gt chart

- Plot data from GCAM-generated (or “diff”) CSV files
- Set defaults for a common look & feel
- On-the-fly unit conversions (e.g., C to CO₂)
- Control aesthetics: labels, titles, legend, and more

```
gt chart --workingDir ~/ws/s1/diffs \  
  --outputDir figures --years 2005-2050 \  
  --ygrid --zeroLine --reference base \  
  --scenario s1 --fromFile charts.txt
```

Custom scripts

- Pygcam is designed for use as a library
- Built-in sub-commands are based on the library
- Project system is based on the scripts
- Write “plug-ins” to customize gcamtool
 - Uses configuration and logging systems
 - Directly callable in project system
 - Automatically “batch runnable” on cluster

```
$ gt run -h
```

```
usage: gt run [-h] [-a] [-f PROJECTFILE] [-g GROUP] [-G] [-k SKIPSTEPS]  
             [-K SKIPSCENARIOS] [-l] [-L] [-n] [-p PROJECT] [-q] [-s STEPS]  
             [-S SCENARIOS] [--version] [--vars] [-x SANDBOXDIR]
```

optional arguments:

- h, --help show this help message and exit
- a, --allGroups Run all scenarios for all defined groups.
- f PROJECTFILE, --projectFile PROJECTFILE
The XML file describing the project. If set, command-line argument takes precedence. Otherwise, value is taken from config file variable GCAM.ProjectXmlFile, if defined, otherwise the default is './project.xml'.
- g GROUP, --group GROUP
The name of the scenario group to process. If not specified, the group with attribute default="1" is processed.
- G, --listGroups List the scenario groups defined in the project file and exit.
- k SKIPSTEPS, --skipStep SKIPSTEPS
Steps to skip. These must be names of steps defined in the project.xml file. Multiple steps can be given in a single (comma-delimited) argument, or the -k flag can be repeated to indicate additional steps. By default, all steps are run.
- K SKIPSCENARIOS, --skipScenario SKIPSCENARIOS
Scenarios to skip. Multiple scenarios can be given in a single (comma-delimited) argument, or the -K flag can be repeated to indicate additional scenarios. By default, all scenarios are run.